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July 15, 2005

TDK Corporation
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Amendments of FY March 2005 Earnings Release (Consolidated Results)

TDK Corporation has revised its consolidated results for fiscal 2005, ended March 31, 2005, and announced on April 27, 2005.

1. Reasons for Amendments

Amendment to Fiscal 2005 Net Income

On June 29, 2005, TDK received a notice of tax assessment under the Transfer Pricing Taxation from the Tokyo Regional Tax Bureau (Nihonbashi Tax Office) asserting that the price of transactions between TDK and its overseas subsidiaries was different from the arm's length price for TDK's five tax years from March 1999 to March 2003.

The total additional income in Japan assessed by the Bureau amounts to Yen 21,301 million resulting incremental charges, including taxes, penalties and interests, of Yen 11,960 million, which TDK paid the amount in full. TDK recorded Yen 11,648 million as incremental expenses, net of related tax effects, in the consolidated statements of income.

TDK disagrees with this assessment and will file an appeal to the Tokyo Regional Tax Bureau to challenge the assessment.

TDK is an SEC-registered company listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Because the additional taxes under the transfer pricing taxation are regarded as an important subsequent event that occurred before the submission of its Form 20-F for fiscal 2005, TDK has partially amended its consolidated earnings release for fiscal 2005.

2. Amendments

<Original>

Term Item	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)	
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%
Net sales	657,853	100.0	6,148,159	655,792	100.0
Operating income	59,830	9.1	559,159	56,510	8.6
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	62,072	9.4	580,112	55,712	8.5
Income taxes	12,980	1.9	121,308	12,490	1.9
Net income	44,948	6.8	420,075	42,101	6.4

<Amendments>

Term Item	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)	
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%
Net sales	657,853	100.0	6,148,159	655,792	100.0
Operating income	59,830	9.1	559,159	56,510	8.6
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	<u>60,728</u>	<u>9.2</u>	<u>567,551</u>	<u>55,847</u>	8.5
Income taxes	<u>23,284</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>217,607</u>	<u>12,133</u>	<u>1.8</u>
Net income	<u>33,300</u>	<u>5.1</u>	<u>311,215</u>	42,101	6.4

Term Item	Amendments As of March 31, 2005			Original As of March 31, 2005		
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)
Current assets	<u>510,603</u>	63.2	<u>4,771,990</u>	510,291	63.2	4,769,074
Other current assets	<u>34,563</u>		<u>323,019</u>	34,251		320,103
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>808,001</u>	100.0	<u>7,551,411</u>	807,689	100.0	7,548,495
Current liabilities	<u>130,857</u>	<u>16.2</u>	<u>1,222,963</u>	118,897	14.7	1,111,187
Accrued expenses	<u>43,980</u>		<u>411,028</u>	42,636		398,467
Income taxes payables	<u>19,283</u>		<u>180,215</u>	8,667		81,000
Total liabilities	<u>163,772</u>	<u>20.3</u>	<u>1,530,580</u>	151,812	18.8	1,418,804
Retained earnings	<u>585,557</u>		<u>5,472,495</u>	597,205		5,581,355
Total stockholders' equity	<u>639,067</u>	<u>79.1</u>	<u>5,972,589</u>	650,715	80.6	6,081,449
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>808,001</u>	100.0	<u>7,551,411</u>	807,689	100.0	7,548,495

Other changes resulting from these amendments are underlined in the corresponding pages.

- (1) Summary (Page 1)
- (2) Business Results and Financial Position (Page 6, 9, 10, 11)
- (3) Statements of income (Page 13)
- (4) Balance sheets (Page 14)
- (5) Statements of stockholders' equity (Page 15)
- (6) Statements of cash flows (Page 16)
- (7) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Page 17)
- (8) Supplementary Information (Consolidated) (Page 21)

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

TOKYO - April 27, 2005 TDK Corporation today announced its Consolidated business results prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (the "U.S. GAAP") for fiscal year ("FY") 2005 and Non-Consolidated business results for FY 2005.

Amendments (July 15, 2005)

I. Consolidated

I-1) Summary

Consolidated results (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)

Term Item	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)		Change	
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)
Net sales	657,853	100.0	6,148,159	655,792	100.0	2,061	0.3
Operating income	59,830	9.1	559,159	56,510	8.6	3,320	5.9
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	<u>60,728</u>	<u>9.2</u>	<u>567,551</u>	<u>55,847</u>	8.5	<u>4,881</u>	<u>8.7</u>
Income from continuing operations	<u>36,965</u>	<u>5.6</u>	<u>345,467</u>	<u>43,355</u>	<u>6.6</u>	<u>(6,390)</u>	<u>-14.7</u>
Net income	<u>33,300</u>	<u>5.1</u>	<u>311,215</u>	42,101	6.4	<u>(8,801)</u>	<u>-20.9</u>
Per common share :							
Net income / Basic	<u>Yen 251.71</u>		<u>U.S.\$ 2.35</u>	Yen 317.80			
Net income / Diluted	<u>Yen 251.56</u>		<u>U.S.\$ 2.35</u>	Yen 317.69			

Note: As a result of the sale of a subsidiary in semiconductors & others product, the operating results of the discontinued operation is presented as a separate line item in the consolidated statements of income in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. Correspondence figures for the previous fiscal year have been reclassified to conform to the presentation used for the year ended March 31, 2005.

(Sales breakdown)

Term Product	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)		Change	
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)
Electronic materials and components	545,214	82.9	5,095,458	519,792	79.3	25,422	4.9
Electronic materials	174,800	26.6	1,633,645	166,818	25.4	7,982	4.8
Electronic devices	116,387	17.7	1,087,729	107,999	16.5	8,388	7.8
Recording devices	234,578	35.7	2,192,318	230,105	35.1	4,473	1.9
Semiconductors & others	19,449	2.9	181,766	14,870	2.3	4,579	30.8
Recording media & systems	112,639	17.1	1,052,701	136,000	20.7	(23,361)	-17.2
Total sales	657,853	100.0	6,148,159	655,792	100.0	2,061	0.3
Overseas sales	473,828	72.0	4,428,299	487,169	74.3	(13,341)	-2.7

Note: U.S.\$1=Yen 107

I-2) Management Policies

(1) Fundamental Management Policy

TDK was established in 1935 as the world's first company to commercialize a magnetic material called ferrite. In the ensuing years, TDK has developed and commercialized electronic materials, electronic devices, recording devices and recording media, among other products. This drive has been based on the company's founding spirit: "Contribute to culture and industry through creativity."

To preserve its identity as a dynamic company, TDK is dedicated to creating value for all stakeholders, including shareholders, customers, suppliers, employees and society, by drawing on innovative thinking and a willingness to tackle new challenges. TDK firmly believes that it must remain an organization that is a constant source of exciting ideas that are of true value to stakeholders.

(2) Fundamental Policy for Distribution of Earnings

Returning earnings to shareholders is one of TDK's highest management priorities. Therefore, TDK's fundamental policy is to give consideration to a consistent increase in dividends based on factors such as the return on equity (ROE), dividends as a percentage of equity (DOE) and the company's results of operations on a consolidated basis.

Retained earnings are used to make aggressive investments for growth, mainly in the development of new products and technologies in key fields so as to respond precisely to the rapid technological advances in the electronics industry.

(3) Policy Regarding Reduction of TDK's Share Trading Unit

On August 1, 2000, TDK reduced the Unit Stock (*tangen*) of its common shares from 1,000 to 100 shares. This action led to an increase in the number of individual shareholders and TDK's subsequent selection for an award from Tokyo Stock Exchange for this achievement in the year ended March 31, 2004.

TDK believes that its shares now have sufficient liquidity. However, TDK will consider a further reduction of the trading unit based on its stock price and market needs as well as on a cost-benefit analysis.

(4) Medium- and Long-Term Management Strategy

In April 2004, TDK launched an initiative aimed at generating new growth with the overriding aim of becoming an exciting company, an ongoing theme at TDK.

The electronics industry, to which TDK belongs, is becoming extremely competitive as the advent of a full-fledged digital age shortens product lifespans. To achieve growth in the future in this operating environment, TDK must deliver new products that the market demands, without delay, precisely when those products are needed, while keeping a close eye on market movements. With this in mind, over the medium term, TDK will increase the share of sales of new products in consolidated net sales and execute various initiatives to drive growth.

TDK is aiming for growth by delivering the value customers demand in a timely manner through the development of products rooted in the company's core materials, process and evaluation & simulation technologies, which underpin its core electronic materials and components business.

Strengthening its operations in this way is thus an important theme at TDK. TDK is also reaffirming the importance of coexisting with society as a responsible corporate citizen by conducting its own social activities based on two key corporate philosophies: “Creativity” and “Culture.” Furthermore, TDK will comply with the U.S. Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and all other applicable laws and regulations as it strengthens corporate governance.

(5) Pressing Issues

From a medium-term perspective, the electronics industry, TDK’s field of operations, is expected to see the growth of digital home appliances, the convergence of information and communications, as typified by the increasingly diverse functions offered by mobile phones, and the greater use of electronics in motor vehicles. These trends are expected to result in continued expansion in demand for the electronic components that TDK develops, manufactures and sells.

At the same time, however, in the dynamically changing electronics industry, a faster response than ever before will be required by the company’s electronic components business. TDK has continuously reformed and improved the structure of its businesses, but it believes that responding to the changes in the electronics industry requires making this process of reform and improvement an ongoing drive. Furthermore, in the digital era of the electronics industry, falling prices due to stiffer competition with new products, greater inventory risk and other challenges are unavoidable. Nevertheless, TDK is determined to be a company that can surmount these challenges and grow. And, to remain an attractive and exciting company, TDK aims to grow by creating greater value. In this vein, TDK will refine its core technologies (materials, process and evaluation & simulation technologies) while honing in on three key fields that it believes harbor prospects for growth: IT home electronics; high-speed, large-capacity networks; and car electronics. Increasing the company’s ability to generate earnings by supplying products and technologies imbuing value that these markets demand on a timely basis is a key issue. Moreover, TDK will take on the challenge of advancing along a growth trajectory while making investments that are prudent yet aggressive.

(6) Basic Stance on and Strategy to Improve Corporate Governance

Companies must conduct their activities and manage their operations in a fair, impartial and transparent manner, abiding by laws and regulations, and with the recognition that their existence is supported by shareholders, customers, suppliers, employees and society. TDK has put in place various internal control systems with this fundamental recognition in mind. It has also implemented a number of other measures in the same vein, such as appointing an outside director and outside statutory auditors; involving people outside the company in setting directors’ remuneration; and building a corporate ethics system, in which reports are submitted directly to the Board of Directors, that includes education and diffusion programs and other activities.

(6-1) Management structure and other corporate governance systems concerning decision-making, strategy execution and supervision

In consideration of the size of the company, the streamlining of management, the speed of decision-making and other factors, TDK has adopted the corporate auditor system within the meaning of the Commercial Code of Japan; three of its five corporate auditors come from outside the company. Furthermore, one of TDK's seven directors is an outside director. Moreover, having introduced the post of corporate officer, TDK has clearly demarcated responsibilities: directors are responsible for decision-making and oversight, while corporate officers have responsibility for executing day-to-day operations. Corporate officers execute policies set by the Board of Directors in their respective areas of responsibility.

Two full-time corporate auditors, three part-time corporate auditors and two staff members perform audits. The auditors examine the performance of directors mainly from the perspective of legality by inspecting departments, examining important documents and attending important meetings. Collaboration among corporate auditors involves submitting reports and holding discussions at monthly meetings of the Board of Corporate Auditors.

The 8-member Management Review & Support Dept., an internal audit organization that reports to the CEO of TDK, carries out periodic audits and offers support from the perspective of the consistency of business execution and management policy and the rationality of management efficiency. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, the department made preparations to comply with the U.S. Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, which requires companies to undertake self-evaluations of the establishment and operation of internal control systems.

Two certified public accountants, Seiichi Sasa and Hideaki Koyama, who belong to the independent registered public accounting firm KPMG AZSA & Co., conduct financial audits of the company. Mr. Sasa has been involved with these audits for two years and Mr. Koyama for four years. Twelve accountants, seven assistant accountants and eight other staff also assist in these audits.

Regarding collaboration among the corporate auditors, Management Review & Support Dept. and independent auditors, these parties exchange information and hold discussions at meetings held three times a year with respect to problems found during audits for the purpose of making improvements. The Board of Corporate Auditors receives audit reports twice a year (interim and year-end) from the independent auditors and discusses these reports as well as evaluates the audits of the independent auditors.

To ensure the transparency of directors' remuneration, TDK has introduced bonuses linked to the company's results and, at the same time, has the outside director serve as chairperson of the Compensation Advisory Committee. Moreover, to ensure corporate ethical standards are upheld, a Corporate Ethics Committee was established at TDK and ethics councils were formed at domestic and overseas subsidiaries. These actions are part of ongoing efforts to build a global corporate ethics management framework that also encompasses domestic and overseas subsidiaries. To monitor the state of compliance with corporate ethical standards, a "helpline" has been established, creating an internal system that encourages employees to report matters involving corporate ethics and to offer suggestions.

The Compensation Advisory Committee and Corporate Ethics Committee report directly to the Board of Directors.

Another defining aspect of TDK's corporate governance system is the ability to receive advice and directives from outside legal counsel regarding risks associated with TDK's corporate activities. Moreover, to give the company the best managerial structure for responding flexibly to the various changes in its operating environment, and to build greater trust with shareholders, the company has set the terms of directors to one year.

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, the directors and corporate auditors were paid remuneration of ¥194 million and ¥59 million, respectively. The total amount paid to directors and corporate auditors was thus ¥254 million. Furthermore, bonuses totaling ¥103 million were paid to TDK directors. The amount of remuneration related to audit certification of the parent company that was paid to independent auditors KPMG AZSA & Co. was ¥94 million.

(6-2) Personal, financial and trading relationships between the company and the outside director and outside corporate auditors, and other beneficial relationships

There are no personal or financial relationships between TDK and the outside director or the three outside corporate auditors.

(6-3) Measures taken to enhance corporate governance over the past year

To ensure that corporate ethical standards are being upheld, TDK has put in place a global corporate ethics framework that encompasses the activities of overseas as well as domestic subsidiaries. Activities are ongoing to oversee and refine this system. Because TDK is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, it is subject to the U.S. Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, an extremely strict law relating to corporate governance that was prompted by a series of scandals involving U.S. companies. To comply with this law, a project team that includes outside experts is undertaking a fundamental review of and rebuilding corporate systems, including those of subsidiaries. At the same time, TDK continues to identify and take countermeasures against risk factors associated with its business activities. In addition, TDK restricts the work that is outsourced to independent auditors so as to preserve their impartiality and independence.

I-3) Business Results and Financial Position

1. Summary

Consolidated results for fiscal 2005, ended March 31, 2005, were as follows.

In the electronics industry in the first half of fiscal 2005, demand for digital home appliances, such as LCD and plasma flat-screen TVs and DVD recorders, was boosted by the Summer Olympic Games in Athens, and other events. This resulted in strong demand for the TDK Group's electronic components in the first half. However, demand for these components began to cool in the second half in line with production cutbacks of finished products that use them. In this business environment, TDK continued to implement profit structure reforms. TDK also actively made investments to drive growth, such as by ramping up production capacity of capacitors and forging a strategic alliance regarding HDD heads.

Amendments (July 15, 2005)

As a result, TDK posted consolidated net sales of ¥657,853 million (U.S.\$6,148,159 thousand), up 0.3% from ¥655,792 million. Operating income rose 5.9%, from ¥56,510 million to ¥59,830 million (U.S.\$559,159 thousand). Income from continuing operations before income taxes increased 8.7%, from ¥55,847 million to ¥60,728 million (U.S.\$567,551 thousand). Net income downed 20.9%, from ¥42,101 million to ¥33,300 million (U.S.\$311,215 thousand). Basic net income per common share was ¥251.71 (U.S.\$2.35), down from ¥317.80.

During the year, the average exchange rate was ¥107.55 for the U.S. dollar and ¥135.17 for the euro, representing a 5.0% appreciation in the yen's value against the U.S. dollar and a 1.9% decline against the euro. Overall, exchange rate movements had the effect of lowering net sales by approximately ¥20.6 billion and operating income by approximately ¥4.0 billion.

(Sales by Segment)

TDK's businesses are broadly classified into two business segments: the electronic materials and components segment and the recording media & systems segment.

(1) Electronic materials and components segment

This segment is made up of four product sectors: (1-1) electronic materials, (1-2) electronic devices, (1-3) recording devices, and (1-4) semiconductors & others.

Segment net sales increased 4.9%, from ¥519,792 million to ¥545,214 million (U.S.\$5,095,458 thousand). Segment operating income rose 15.0%, from ¥58,715 million to ¥67,520 million (U.S.\$631,028 thousand).

Looking at electronic materials and electronic devices, demand for components was strong in the fiscal year's first half on the back of higher demand for digital home appliances driven by the Athens Summer Olympic Games. However, the second half saw sales prices of components drop as demand cooled due to inventory cutbacks of digital home appliances. The overall result, however, was a year-on-year increase in sales of both electronic materials and electronic devices.

In recording devices, HDD demand was lackluster in the first half of fiscal 2005 due to inventory cutbacks by customers following strong HDD demand in the second half of the previous fiscal year. Demand for HDD heads also picked up in the second half of fiscal 2005 once this adjustment phase ended. The result was a year-on-year increase in sales of recording devices.

Sector results were as follows.

(1-1) Electronic materials

This sector is broken down into two product categories: capacitors, and ferrite cores and magnets.

Sales in the electronic materials sector rose 4.8%, from ¥166,818 million to ¥174,800 million (U.S.\$1,633,645 thousand).

(Capacitors) Sales rose year on year. Sales of multilayer chip capacitors, the main product in the capacitors sector, were strong in the first half, as previously mentioned. In the second half, amid lackluster demand, TDK was able to absorb sales price declines and the effect of forex movements by improving the sales mix. These factors led to higher year-on-year sales.

(Ferrite cores and magnets) Sales of ferrite cores and magnets increased year on year. In ferrite cores, sales declined from the previous fiscal year despite higher demand for general-purpose power supply cores for digital home appliances and cores for communications equipment. This decrease was due to a reduction in output of deflection yoke cores and flyback transformers cores used in CRT TVs. However, sales of magnets increased year on year, the result of steadily rising demand for use in automotive and HDD applications. The net result was a year-on-year increase in sales of ferrite cores and magnets as a whole.

(1-2) Electronic devices

This sector has three product categories: inductive devices, high-frequency components and other products.

Sales in the electronic devices sector rose 7.8%, from ¥107,999 million to ¥116,387 million (U.S.\$1,087,729 thousand).

(Inductive devices) Sales increased year on year. Inductive devices, the largest product category in the electronic devices sector, posted higher sales despite lower sales prices and the negative effect of forex movements. The increase was attributable to higher demand spurred by acceleration in the pace at which automobiles are incorporating electronics and the increasing sophistication of mobile phones, as well as new product launches.

(High-frequency components) Sales of high-frequency components declined marginally year on year because higher sales volume and an improved product mix failed to completely offset persistently strong discounting pressure from mobile phone handset manufacturers, the main customer for these components.

(Other products) Sales of other products rose year on year. In power systems, sales of DC-DC converters and DC-AC inverters were healthy. Sensors and actuators recorded higher sales due to growth in demand for use in PCs and peripherals and communications equipment. As a result of this, overall sales of other products were higher than in the previous fiscal year.

(1-3) Recording devices

This sector has two product categories: HDD heads and other heads.

Sector sales increased 1.9%, from ¥230,105 million to ¥234,578 million (U.S.\$2,192,318 thousand).

(HDD heads) Sales increased year on year. In HDD heads, the main product in this sector, TDK had to overcome the loss of business from a major customer that started producing heads in house in 2004, as well as the impact of falling sales prices and unfavorable forex movements. Cutbacks in HDD inventories at customers in the first half of the year also shaped the market. However, demand for HDD heads rose in the second half of the fiscal year following the end of these cutbacks, leading to higher year-on-year sales.

(Other heads) Sales of other heads declined year on year, due to sluggish sales of optical pickups.

(1-4) Semiconductors & others

Sector sales climbed 30.8%, from ¥14,870 million to ¥19,449 million (U.S.\$181,766 thousand).

TDK recorded slightly higher sales of anechoic chambers for electromagnetic noise control and growth in external sales of manufacturing equipment due to higher investments in semiconductor facilities and equipment by customers.

(2) Recording media & systems segment

This segment is made up of four product categories: audiotapes, videotapes, optical media and other products.

Segment sales declined 17.2%, from ¥136,000 million to ¥112,639 million (U.S.\$1,052,701 thousand). The segment recorded an operating loss of ¥7,690 million (U.S.\$71,869 thousand), an increase of 248.8% from last year's operating loss of ¥2,205 million.

(Audiotapes and videotapes) Sales of audiotapes and videotapes declined year on year. While TDK maintained a high market share, demand is declining for these products as a whole.

(Optical media) Sales of optical media increased, with higher DVD sales volumes offsetting a sharp fall in prices of DVDs and lower CD-R sales.

(Other products) Sales of other products decreased year on year. There was an increase in sales of LTO-standard* (Linear Tape-Open) tape-based data storage media for computers. However, a decline in sales caused by the sale in the previous fiscal year of a U.S. software development subsidiary and lower sales of recording equipment brought overall sales of other products down year on year.

*Linear Tape-Open, LTO, LTO logo, Ultrium and Ultrium logo are trademarks of HP, IBM and Certance LLC in the U.S., other countries or both.

(Sales by Region)

Detailed geographic segment information can be found in the segment information on page 18 of the consolidated results.

By region, in Japan, sales in the electronic devices sector and recording media & systems segment declined, while higher sales were recorded in the electronic materials, recording devices and semiconductors & others sectors.

In the Americas, sales decreased in the electronic materials and recording devices sectors as well as the recording media & systems segment. The higher yen versus the U.S. dollar also impacted sales in the Americas.

In Europe, lower sales were recorded in the electronic materials and semiconductors & others sectors as well as the recording media & systems segment.

In Asia (excluding Japan) and other areas, sales declined in the recording devices sector and recording media & systems segment, but sales increased in the electronic materials and electronic devices sectors.

The overall result was a 2.7% decrease in overseas sales year on year, from ¥487,169 million to ¥473,828 million (U.S.\$4,428,299 thousand). Overseas sales accounted for 72.0% of consolidated net sales, a 2.3 percentage point decrease from 74.3% one year earlier.

On a parent-company basis, net sales increased 3.9%, from ¥316,050 million to ¥328,452 million (U.S.\$3,069,644 thousand). Operating income increased 392.8%, from ¥1,756 million to ¥8,653 million (U.S.\$80,869 thousand). Current income rose 197.3%, from ¥10,277 million to ¥30,550 million (U.S.\$285,514 thousand). Net income increased 786.3%, from ¥4,458 million to ¥39,513 million (U.S.\$369,280 thousand). Basic net income per common share was ¥297.93 (U.S.\$2.78), compared with ¥32.87 a year earlier.

TDK plans to pay a year-end dividend of ¥40 per common share. Together with the interim dividend of ¥30 per common share paid in December 2004, the planned dividend per common share applicable to the year will be ¥70.

Amendments (July 15, 2005)

2. Financial Position

(2-1) The following table summarizes TDK's consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2005.

Total assets	<u>¥808,001 million</u> (4.9% increase)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>¥639,067 million</u> (10.9% increase)
Equity ratio	<u>79.1%</u> (4.3 percentage point increase)

At the end of the year, cash and cash equivalents were ¥24,353 million higher than on March 31, 2004. Net trade receivables were ¥9,668 million higher and net property, plant and equipment rose ¥8,024 million. However, other assets decreased ¥9,489 million. As a result of the above items and other changes, total assets increased ¥37,682 million.

Total liabilities decreased ¥27,052 million. Trade payables and income taxes payable increased ¥2,175 million and ¥14,594 million, respectively, while retirement and severance benefits declined ¥44,682 million following the transfer of the substitutional portion of Employees' Pension Fund (EPF) liabilities to the government.

Total stockholders' equity increased ¥62,848 million due to a ¥24,801 million increase in retained earnings and a ¥38,730 million decrease in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

(2-2) Cash Flows**Amendments (July 15, 2005)**

(¥ millions)

	Fiscal 2005	Fiscal 2004	Change
Net cash provided by operating activities	93,582	113,820	(20,238)
Net cash used in investing activities	(60,863)	(37,647)	(23,216)
Net cash used in financing activities	(9,458)	(9,661)	203
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations	(1,625)	761	(2,386)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	2,717	(10,669)	13,386
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	24,353	56,604	(32,251)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	227,155	170,551	56,604
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	251,508	227,155	24,353

Operating activities provided net cash of ¥93,582 million (U.S.\$874,598 thousand), a year-on-year decrease of ¥20,238 million. Net income downed ¥8,801 million to ¥33,300 million (U.S.\$ 311,215 thousand) and depreciation and amortization increased ¥2,080 million to ¥52,806 million (U.S.\$493,514 thousand). In changes in assets and liabilities, inventories decreased ¥11,329 million, trade payables decreased ¥7,955 million, accrued expenses decreased ¥11,374 million and retirement and severance benefits, net decreased ¥6,766 million, while income taxes payables, net increased ¥8,760 million.

Investing activities used net cash of ¥60,863 million (U.S.\$568,813 thousand), ¥23,216 million more than a year earlier. This mainly reflected a ¥16,534 million increase to ¥61,005 million (U.S.\$570,140 thousand) in capital expenditures and a ¥2,423 million increase to ¥2,424 million in payments for purchase of investments in securities.

Financing activities used net cash of ¥9,458 million (U.S.\$88,393 thousand), ¥203 million less than a year earlier. The main outflow was ¥7,938 million for dividends paid.

(2-3) Trends in Cash Flow Indicators

	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005
Stockholders' equity ratio (%)	77.8	77.9	74.1	74.8	<u>79.1</u>
Capital adequacy ratio on a market value basis (%)	133.8	121.7	80.4	136.7	<u>120.1</u>
No. of years to redeem debt	0.10	0.07	0.02	0.00	0.00
Interest coverage ratio (times)	138.0	32.8	180.9	352.4	<u>96.8</u>

[Notes]

Stockholders' equity ratio = Total stockholders' equity / Total assets

Capital adequacy ratio on a market value basis = Market capitalization (*1) / Total assets

(*1) Market capitalization = Closing price of TDK's common shares on the Tokyo Stock Exchange on March 31, 2005 x Shares issued and outstanding at year-end after deducting treasury stock

No. of years to redeem debt = Interest-bearing liabilities (*2) / Cash flows from operating activities (*3)

(*2) Interest-bearing liabilities: The balance of "short-term debt" and "long-term debt" included in "long-term debt, excluding current installments" on the consolidated balances sheets.

(*3) Cash flows from operating activities: "Net cash provided by operating activities" on the consolidated statements of cash flows.

Interest coverage ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / Interest payments (*4)

(*4) Interest payments: "Interest expense" on the consolidated statements of income

3. Business Risks

With development, production and sales bases in countries around the world, the TDK Group is engaged in global business activities. Furthermore, the electronics industry, the main field of operations of the TDK Group, is seeing dramatic technological innovation and changes in market prices, resulting in intense competition in new product development and efforts to win customers. Because of these and other factors, the TDK Group is subject to various business risks that include, but are not limited to, changes in demand and foreign exchange rates caused by world economic trends; unpredictable events in conducting business overseas; more intense competition in the development of new products in line with rapid technological innovation; the ability to respond to intense price competition and diversifying demands from customers; the ability to acquire intellectual property rights; the ability to procure raw materials and other products; increasingly stringent environmental regulations internationally, and unavoidable natural disasters.

4. Fiscal 2006 Projections

TDK's consolidated and non-consolidated projections for fiscal 2006, the year ending March 31, 2006, are as follows.

Amendments (July 15, 2005)

[Consolidated Projections for Fiscal 2006]

	Year ending March 2006 (¥ millions)	% change from FY05	Year ended March 2005 (¥ millions)
Net sales	690,000	4.9	657,853
Operating income	67,000	12.0	59,830
Income before income taxes	69,000	<u>13.6</u>	<u>60,728</u>
Net income	50,000	<u>50.2</u>	<u>33,300</u>

[Non-Consolidated Projections]

	Year ending March 2006 (¥ millions)	% change from FY05	Year ended March 2005 (¥ millions)
Net sales	334,900	2.0	328,452
Operating income	17,300	99.9	8,653
Current income	39,800	30.3	30,550
Net income	27,000	-31.7	39,513

Note:

The projections are based principally on the following assumptions:

- An average yen-U.S. dollar exchange rate of ¥100 for the full year.
- There is expected to be a weak recovery generally in demand for passive components (electronic materials and electronic devices) in the first half of fiscal 2006. However, with current inventories of finished products estimated to be at generally suitable levels, in the second half of fiscal 2006, there is expected to be an increase in production of finished products in line with growth in demand at the end of 2005. This increase is expected to also lead to higher demand for components in the second half of the fiscal year.
- Sales of recording devices are expected to increase in fiscal 2006, continuing on from the previous fiscal year. With the base of demand widening for HDDs, double-digit annual growth is expected to continue in fiscal 2006. Furthermore, the growth in demand for HDDs for video recorders and other consumer product applications is also expected to boost demand for HDD heads, supporting sales of these products.
- Lower sales are forecast in the recording media & systems segment. Sales of audiotapes and videotapes are expected to decline in line with falling demand. While sales of optical media products and tape-based data storage media for computers are forecast to increase, this growth is unlikely to fully offset the decline in sales of audiotapes and videotapes. In fiscal 2006, TDK plans to implement strategies to counter falling DVD sales prices, a factor behind the deterioration in earnings in fiscal 2005, as well as push ahead with ongoing structural reforms of production and sales divisions.

Cautionary Statement About Projections

This earnings release contains forward-looking statements, including projections, plans, policies, management strategies, targets, schedules, understandings and evaluations, about TDK and its group companies that are not historical facts. These forward-looking statements are based on current forecasts, estimates, assumptions, plans, beliefs and evaluations in light of information available to management on the date of this earnings release.

In preparing forecasts and estimates, TDK and its group companies have used, as their bases, certain assumptions as necessary, in addition to confirmed historical facts. However, due to their nature, there is no guarantee that these statements and assumptions will prove to be accurate in the future. TDK therefore wishes to caution readers that these statements, facts and certain assumptions contained in this earnings release are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties and may prove to be inaccurate.

The electronics markets in which TDK and its group companies operate are highly susceptible to rapid changes. Furthermore, TDK and its group companies operate not only in Japan, but in many other countries. As such, factors that can have significant effects on its results include, but are not limited to, shifts in technology, demand, prices, competition, economic environments and foreign exchange rates.

The premises and assumptions used in computing the projections in this earnings release include, but are not limited to, those explained above.

I-4) Statements of income

Amendments (July 15, 2005)

Item	Term	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)		Change	
		(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)
		Net sales	657,853	100.0	6,148,159	655,792	100.0	2,061
Cost of sales	484,323	73.6	4,526,383	476,407	72.6	7,916	1.7	
Gross profit	173,530	26.4	1,621,776	179,385	27.4	(5,855)	-3.3	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	119,886	18.2	1,120,430	122,875	18.8	(2,989)	-2.4	
Transfer to the government of the substitutional portion of Employees' Pension Fund:								
Subsidy from the government	(33,533)	-5.1	(313,392)	-	-	(33,533)	-	
Loss on settlement	27,347	4.2	255,579	-	-	27,347	-	
Operating income	59,830	9.1	559,159	56,510	8.6	3,320	5.9	
Other income (deductions):								
Interest and dividend income	1,692		15,813	1,189		503		
Interest expense	(967)		(9,037)	(323)		(644)		
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(856)		(8,000)	(3,064)		2,208		
Other-net	1,029		9,616	1,535		(506)		
Total other income (deductions)	898	0.1	8,392	(663)	-0.1	1,561	-	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	60,728	9.2	567,551	55,847	8.5	4,881	8.7	
Income taxes	23,284	3.5	217,607	12,133	1.8	11,151	91.9	
Income from continuing operations before minority interests	37,444	5.7	349,944	43,714	6.7	(6,270)	-14.3	
Minority interests	479	0.1	4,477	359	0.1	120	33.4	
Income from continuing operations	36,965	5.6	345,467	43,355	6.6	(6,390)	-14.7	
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	3,665	0.5	34,252	1,254	0.2	2,411	192.3	
Net income	33,300	5.1	311,215	42,101	6.4	(8,801)	-20.9	

Notes:

1. In accordance with SFAS No.144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", the figures for the year ended March 31, 2004 relating to discontinued operations have been reclassified accordingly.
2. U.S.\$1=Yen 107

I-5) Balance sheets

Amendments (July 15, 2005)

ASSETS						
Term Item	As of March 31, 2005			As of March 31, 2004		Change
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)
Current assets	<u>510,603</u>	63.2	<u>4,771,990</u>	475,773	61.8	<u>34,830</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	251,508		2,350,542	227,155		24,353
Marketable securities	1,609		15,037	402		1,207
Net trade receivables	147,999		1,383,168	138,331		9,668
Inventories	74,924		700,224	77,301		(2,377)
Other current assets	<u>34,563</u>		<u>323,019</u>	32,584		<u>1,979</u>
Noncurrent assets	297,398	36.8	2,779,421	294,546	38.2	2,852
Investments in securities	22,698		212,131	18,381		4,317
Net property, plant and equipment	216,969		2,027,748	208,945		8,024
Other assets	57,731		539,542	67,220		(9,489)
TOTAL	<u>808,001</u>	100.0	<u>7,551,411</u>	770,319	100.0	<u>37,682</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Term Item	As of March 31, 2005			As of March 31, 2004		Change
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)
Current liabilities	<u>130,857</u>	<u>16.2</u>	<u>1,222,963</u>	115,218	15.0	<u>15,639</u>
Short-term debt	103		963	416		(313)
Trade payables	62,092		580,299	59,917		2,175
Accrued expenses	<u>43,980</u>		<u>411,028</u>	45,534		<u>(1,554)</u>
Income taxes payables	<u>19,283</u>		<u>180,215</u>	4,689		<u>14,594</u>
Other current liabilities	5,399		50,458	4,662		737
Noncurrent liabilities	32,915	4.1	307,617	75,606	9.8	(42,691)
Long-term debt, excluding current installments	81		757	27		54
Retirement and severance benefits	28,839		269,523	73,521		(44,682)
Deferred income taxes	751		7,019	215		536
Other noncurrent liabilities	3,244		30,318	1,843		1,401
Total liabilities	<u>163,772</u>	<u>20.3</u>	<u>1,530,580</u>	190,824	24.8	<u>(27,052)</u>
Minority interests	5,162	0.6	48,242	3,276	0.4	1,886
Common stock	32,641		305,056	32,641		-
Additional paid-in capital	63,051		589,262	63,051		-
Legal reserve	16,918		158,112	16,497		421
Retained earnings	<u>585,557</u>		<u>5,472,495</u>	560,756		<u>24,801</u>
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(51,657)		(482,776)	(90,387)		38,730
Treasury stock	(7,443)		(69,560)	(6,339)		(1,104)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>639,067</u>	<u>79.1</u>	<u>5,972,589</u>	576,219	74.8	<u>62,848</u>
TOTAL	<u>808,001</u>	100.0	<u>7,551,411</u>	770,319	100.0	<u>37,682</u>

Note: U.S.\$1=Yen 107

I-6) Statements of stockholders' equity
Amendments (July 15, 2005)

Item	Term	FY2005		FY2004
		(April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)		(April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)
		(Yen millions)	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)
Common stock:				
Balance at beginning of period		32,641	305,056	32,641
Balance at end of period		32,641	305,056	32,641
Additional paid-in capital:				
Balance at beginning of period		63,051	589,262	63,051
Balance at end of period		63,051	589,262	63,051
Legal reserve:				
Balance at beginning of period		16,497	154,177	15,953
Transferred from retained earnings		421	3,935	544
Balance at end of period		16,918	158,112	16,497
Retained earnings:				
Balance at beginning of period		560,756	5,240,710	525,919
Net income		<u>33,300</u>	<u>311,215</u>	42,101
Cash dividends		(7,938)	(74,187)	(6,625)
Losses on sales of treasury stock		(140)	(1,308)	(95)
Transferred to legal reserve		(421)	(3,935)	(544)
Balance at end of period		<u>585,557</u>	<u>5,472,495</u>	560,756
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):				
Balance at beginning of period		(90,387)	(844,738)	(78,824)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax		38,730	361,962	(11,563)
Balance at end of period		(51,657)	(482,776)	(90,387)
Treasury stock:				
Balance at beginning of period		(6,339)	(59,243)	(4,855)
Acquisition of treasury stock		(1,672)	(15,626)	(1,865)
Exercise of stock option		568	5,309	381
Balance at end of period		(7,443)	(69,560)	(6,339)
Total stockholders' equity		<u>639,067</u>	<u>5,972,589</u>	576,219
Disclosure of comprehensive income (loss):				
Net income for the period		<u>33,300</u>	<u>311,215</u>	42,101
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax		38,730	361,962	(11,563)
Total comprehensive income for the period		<u>72,030</u>	<u>673,177</u>	30,538

Note: U.S.\$1=Yen 107

I-7) Statements of cash flows

Amendments (July 15, 2005)

Item	Term	FY2005		FY2004
		(April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)		(April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)
		(Yen millions)	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income		<u>33,300</u>	<u>311,215</u>	42,101
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		3,665	34,252	<u>1,254</u>
Income from continuing operations		<u>36,965</u>	<u>345,467</u>	<u>43,355</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		52,806	493,514	50,726
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		1,190	11,121	1,363
Deferred income taxes		<u>(5,532)</u>	<u>(51,701)</u>	<u>1,858</u>
Loss (gain) on securities, net		142	1,327	1,093
Gain on sale of a subsidiary		(1,799)	(16,813)	(567)
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in trade receivables		(7,343)	(68,626)	(7,680)
Decrease (increase) in inventories		3,461	32,346	(7,868)
Increase in trade payables		245	2,290	8,200
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		<u>(2,496)</u>	<u>(23,327)</u>	8,878
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payables, net		<u>14,464</u>	<u>135,178</u>	5,704
Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits, net		2,519	23,542	9,285
Other-net		(1,040)	(9,720)	<u>(527)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities		93,582	874,598	113,820
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(61,005)	(570,140)	(44,471)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments in securities		1,788	16,710	1,814
Payment for purchase of investments in securities		(2,424)	(22,654)	(1)
Payment for purchase of other investments		(221)	(2,065)	(442)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment		999	9,336	4,299
Acquisition of minority interests		-	-	(366)
Proceeds from sale of a subsidiary		-	-	1,523
Other-net		-	-	(3)
Net cash used in investing activities		(60,863)	(568,813)	(37,647)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from long-term debt		218	2,037	69
Repayment of long-term debt		(164)	(1,533)	(479)
Increase (decrease) in short-term debt, net		(330)	(3,084)	(1,047)
Sale (purchase) of treasury stock, net		(1,244)	(11,626)	(1,579)
Dividends paid		(7,938)	(74,187)	(6,625)
Net cash used in financing activities		(9,458)	(88,393)	(9,661)
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations		(1,625)	(15,187)	761
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		2,717	25,393	(10,669)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		24,353	227,598	56,604
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		227,155	2,122,944	170,551
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		251,508	2,350,542	227,155

Notes:

- In accordance with SFAS No.144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", the figures for the year ended March 31, 2004 relating to discontinued operations have been reclassified accordingly.
- U.S.\$1=Yen 107

I-8) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**Amendments (July 15, 2005)**

1. The consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with the U.S. GAAP.
 - (1) Marketable Securities
Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No.115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" is adopted.
 - (2) Inventories
Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined principally by the average method.
 - (3) Depreciation
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is principally computed by the declining-balance method for assets located in Japan and certain foreign subsidiaries, and by the straight-line method for assets of other foreign subsidiaries based on estimated useful lives.
 - (4) Income Taxes
Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax base and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards.
 - (5) Derivatives Financial Instruments
SFAS No.133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" and SFAS No.138, "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities, an amendment of FASB Statement No.133" are adopted.
 - (6) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets
SFAS No.141, "Business Combinations" and SFAS No.142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" are adopted.
 - (7) Retirement and Severance Benefits
SFAS No. 87, "Employers' Accounting for Pensions" is adopted. Gain and loss related to the transfer of the substitutional portion of its Employees' Pension Fund to the government was accounted for in accordance with the Emerging Issues Task Force issue 03-2 ("EITF 03-2"), "Accounting for the Transfer to the Japanese Government of the Substitutional Portion of Employee Pension Fund Liabilities".
2. As of March 31,2005, TDK had 71 subsidiaries (18 in Japan and 53 overseas). TDK also had 6 affiliates (4 in Japan and 2 overseas) whose financial statements are accounted for by the equity method.
3. Comprehensive income comprises net income and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income includes changes in foreign currency translation adjustments, minimum pension liability adjustments and net unrealized gains (losses) on securities. The net income, other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax and total comprehensive income for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004 were as follows;

Item	Term	FY2005		FY2004
		(April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)		(April 1,2003 - March 31,2004)
		(Yen millions)	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)
Net income		<u>33,300</u>	<u>311,215</u>	42,101
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments		5,636	52,672	(26,287)
Minimum pension liability adjustments		32,941	307,860	14,186
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities		153	1,430	538
Total comprehensive income		<u>72,030</u>	<u>673,177</u>	30,538

Note: U.S.\$1=Yen 107

I-9) Segment Information

The following industry and geographic segment information are required by the Japanese Securities Exchange Law.

1. Industry segment information

Product	Term		FY2005			FY2004		Change	
			(April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			(April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)			
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)		
Electronic materials and components									
Net sales	545,214	100.0	5,095,458	519,792	100.0	25,422	4.9		
Unaffiliated customers	545,214		5,095,458	519,792		25,422	4.9		
Intersegment	-		-	-		-	-		
Operating expenses	477,694	87.6	4,464,430	461,077	88.7	16,617	3.6		
Operating income	67,520	12.4	631,028	58,715	11.3	8,805	15.0		
Recording media & systems									
Net sales	112,639	100.0	1,052,701	136,000	100.0	(23,361)	-17.2		
Unaffiliated customers	112,639		1,052,701	136,000		(23,361)	-17.2		
Intersegment	-		-	-		-	-		
Operating expenses	120,329	106.8	1,124,570	138,205	101.6	(17,876)	-12.9		
Operating income (loss)	(7,690)	-6.8	(71,869)	(2,205)	-1.6	(5,485)	-248.8		
TOTAL									
Net sales	657,853	100.0	6,148,159	655,792	100.0	2,061	0.3		
Unaffiliated customers	657,853		6,148,159	655,792		2,061	0.3		
Intersegment	-		-	-		-	-		
Operating expenses	598,023	90.9	5,589,000	599,282	91.4	(1,259)	-0.2		
Operating income	59,830	9.1	559,159	56,510	8.6	3,320	5.9		

Note: U.S.\$1=Yen 107

2. Geographic segment information

Region	Term		FY2005			FY2004		Change	
			(April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			(April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)			
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)		
Japan	Net sales	339,493	100.0	3,172,832	329,782	100.0	9,711	2.9	
	Operating income	26,382	7.8	246,561	8,538	2.6	17,844	209.0	
Americas	Net sales	87,594	100.0	818,636	100,971	100.0	(13,377)	-13.2	
	Operating income	5,496	6.3	51,364	4,985	4.9	511	10.3	
Europe	Net sales	71,682	100.0	669,925	80,641	100.0	(8,959)	-11.1	
	Operating income (loss)	(5,125)	-7.1	(47,897)	(115)	-0.1	(5,010)	-	
Asia and others	Net sales	400,866	100.0	3,746,411	380,781	100.0	20,085	5.3	
	Operating income	33,551	8.4	313,561	42,912	11.3	(9,361)	-21.8	
Intersegment eliminations	Net sales	241,782		2,259,645	236,383		5,399		
	Operating income (loss)	474		4,430	(190)		664		
Total	Net sales	657,853	100.0	6,148,159	655,792	100.0	2,061	0.3	
	Operating income	59,830	9.1	559,159	56,510	8.6	3,320	5.9	

Notes:

- Net sales in each geographic area are based on the location of TDK entities where the sales are generated.
- U.S.\$1=Yen 107

3. Sales by region

Region	Term		FY2005			FY2004		Change	
			(April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			(April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)			
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)		
Americas	77,813	11.8	727,224	88,734	13.5	(10,921)	-12.3		
Europe	71,702	10.9	670,112	80,710	12.3	(9,008)	-11.2		
Asia and others	324,313	49.3	3,030,963	317,725	48.5	6,588	2.1		
Overseas sales total	473,828	72.0	4,428,299	487,169	74.3	(13,341)	-2.7		
Japan	184,025	28.0	1,719,860	168,623	25.7	15,402	9.1		
Net sales	657,853	100.0	6,148,159	655,792	100.0	2,061	0.3		

Notes:

- Overseas sales are based on the location of the customers.
- U.S.\$1=Yen 107

I-10) Fair Value of Securities

(Yen millions)	Cost	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses	Fair Value
As of March 31, 2005				
Equity securities	5,951	1,054	-	7,005
Debt securities	1,698	-	-	1,698
Total	7,649	1,054	-	8,703
As of March 31, 2004				
Equity securities	2,782	1,054	-	3,836
Debt securities	1,101	-	-	1,101
Total	3,883	1,054	-	4,937

U.S.\$1=Yen 107 (U.S.\$ thousands)	Cost	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses	Fair Value
As of March 31, 2005				
Equity securities	55,617	9,850	-	65,467
Debt securities	15,869	-	-	15,869
Total	71,486	9,850	-	81,336

I-11) Fair Value of Derivatives

(Yen millions)	Contract Amount	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
As of March 31, 2005			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	4,349	(88)	(88)
Currency option contracts	24,641	(366)	(366)
Currency swap agreements for loans to its subsidiaries	11,067	(312)	(312)
As of March 31, 2004			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	18,638	396	396
Currency option contracts	16,340	91	91
Currency swap agreements for loans to its subsidiaries	12,605	252	252

(U.S.\$ thousands) U.S.\$1=Yen 107	Contract Amount	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
As of March 31, 2005			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	40,645	(822)	(822)
Currency option contracts	230,290	(3,421)	(3,421)
Currency swap agreements for loans to its subsidiaries	103,430	(2,916)	(2,916)

I-12) Conditions of Production and Orders

1. Production results

Term Product	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)		FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)	Change	
	(Yen millions)	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	(Yen millions)	Change(%)
Electronic materials and components	545,712	5,100,112	518,567	27,145	5.2
Electronic materials	175,538	1,640,542	164,244	11,294	6.9
Electronic devices	116,000	1,084,112	107,579	8,421	7.8
Recording devices	235,143	2,197,598	231,782	3,361	1.5
Semiconductors & others	19,031	177,860	14,962	4,069	27.2
Recording media & systems	89,551	836,925	112,658	(23,107)	-20.5
Total	635,263	5,937,037	631,225	4,038	0.6

Notes :

1. Monetary amounts are calculated using sales prices.
2. U.S.\$1=Yen 107

2. Orders conditions

	Orders of FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)		Orders of FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)	Change(%)
	(Yen millions)	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	
Electronic materials and components	536,947	5,018,196	503,485	6.6

	Outstanding orders (As of March 31, 2005)		Outstanding orders (As of March 31, 2004)	Change(%)
	(Yen millions)	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	
Electronic materials and components	45,462	424,879	54,582	-16.7

Notes :

1. For products other than electronic materials and components, forecast production is used.
2. U.S.\$1=Yen 107

I-13) Supplementary Information (Consolidated)

Exchange rates used for conversion

Amendments (July 15, 2005)

Term	April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005		April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004	
	US\$=Yen	Euro=Yen	US\$=Yen	Euro=Yen
Average rate for the period	107.55	135.17	113.19	132.65
The end of the period	107.39	138.87	105.69	128.88

Consolidated

Term	April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005		April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004		Change (%)
	Amount (Yen millions)	Ratio to sales (%)	Amount (Yen millions)	Ratio to sales (%)	
Capital expenditures	61,005	-	44,471	-	37.2
Depreciation and amortization	52,806	8.0	50,726	7.7	4.1
Research and development	36,348	5.5	32,948	5.0	10.3
Result of financial income	725		866		-16.3
Number of employees (as at the end of the period)	37,115		36,804		
Ratio of overseas production	59.0 %		58.6 %		

Overseas sales by division

Term	April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005		April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004		Change (%)
	Amount (Yen millions)	Ratio to sales (%)	Amount (Yen millions)	Ratio to sales (%)	
Electronic materials and components	391,949	59.6	383,699	58.5	2.2
Electronic materials	126,644	19.2	121,446	18.5	4.3
Electronic devices	70,199	10.7	61,373	9.4	14.4
Recording devices	186,768	28.4	195,137	29.7	-4.3
Semiconductors & others	8,338	1.3	5,743	0.9	45.2
Recording media & systems	81,879	12.4	103,470	15.8	-20.9
Overseas sales	473,828	72.0	487,169	74.3	-2.7

II. Non-Consolidated

II-1) Summary

Non-Consolidated results (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)

Term Item	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)		Change	
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)
Net sales	328,452	100.0	3,069,644	316,050	100.0	12,402	3.9
Operating income	8,653	2.6	80,869	1,756	0.6	6,897	392.8
Current income	30,550	9.3	285,514	10,277	3.3	20,273	197.3
Net income	39,513	12.0	369,280	4,458	1.4	35,055	786.3
Per common share :							
Net income / Basic	Yen 297.93		U.S.\$ 2.78	Yen 32.87			
Net income / Diluted	Yen 297.74		U.S.\$ 2.78	Yen 32.86			
Dividends per share	Yen 40.00		U.S.\$ 0.37	Yen 30.00			

Notes:

- Any portion less than Yen one million is disregarded, the same being applicable hereinafter.
U.S.\$1=Yen 107(U.S. dollar translation is added herein solely for convenience of readers outside Japan.)
- The figures for net income per common share are calculated based upon the weighted average number of shares of common stock (the total outstanding number).

(Sales breakdown)

Term Product	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)		Change	
	(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)
Electronic materials and components	284,799	86.7	2,661,672	271,043	85.8	13,756	5.1
Electronic materials	139,326	42.4	1,302,112	130,925	41.5	8,401	6.4
Electronic devices	87,736	26.7	819,962	81,096	25.7	6,640	8.2
Recording devices	35,828	10.9	334,841	40,227	12.7	(4,399)	-10.9
Semiconductors & others	21,909	6.7	204,757	18,793	5.9	3,116	16.6
Recording media & systems	43,652	13.3	407,962	45,006	14.2	(1,354)	-3.0
Total sales	328,452	100.0	3,069,644	316,050	100.0	12,402	3.9
Overseas sales	193,241	58.8	1,805,990	182,928	57.9	10,313	5.6

Note: U.S.\$1=Yen 107

II-2) Statements of income (Non-Consolidated)

Item	Term	FY2005 (April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005)			FY2004 (April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004)		Change	
		(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	(Yen millions)	Change(%)
Net sales		328,452	100.0	3,069,644	316,050	100.0	12,402	3.9
Cost of sales		258,007	78.6	2,411,280	255,372	80.8	2,635	1.0
Gross profit		70,444	21.4	658,355	60,677	19.2	9,767	16.1
Selling, general and administrative expenses		61,791	18.8	577,485	58,921	18.6	2,870	4.9
Operating income		8,653	2.6	80,869	1,756	0.6	6,897	392.8
Other income (deductions):								
Interest and dividend income		12,898		120,542	3,369		9,529	
Technology commission		8,706		81,364	7,784		922	
Interest expense		(42)		(392)	(26)		(16)	
Foreign exchange loss		(655)		(6,121)	(2,471)		1,816	
Other-net		989		9,242	(134)		1,123	
Total other income (deductions)		21,896	6.7	204,635	8,521	2.7	13,375	157.0
Current income		30,550	9.3	285,514	10,277	3.3	20,273	197.3
Extraordinary profit:								
Gain on transfer of substitutional portion of employee pension fund liabilities		30,225	9.2	282,476	-		30,225	-
Others		403	0.1	3,766	1,816	0.6	(1,413)	-77.8
Extraordinary loss		(1,334)	-0.4	(12,467)	(6,410)	-2.1	5,076	-79.2
Income before income taxes		59,843	18.2	559,280	5,683	1.8	54,160	953.0
Income taxes		20,330	6.2	190,000	1,224	0.4	19,106	-
Net income		39,513	12.0	369,280	4,458	1.4	35,055	786.3

Note:U.S.\$1=Yen 107

II-3) Balance sheets (Non-Consolidated)

ASSETS							
Item	Term	As of March 31, 2005			As of March 31, 2004		Change (Yen millions)
		(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	
Current assets		272,300	50.5	2,544,859	261,758	49.8	10,542
Cash		64,882		606,373	59,450		5,432
Marketable securities		25,697		240,158	15,398		10,299
Trade receivables		82,089		767,186	82,464		(375)
Inventories		22,762		212,728	24,574		(1,812)
Others		76,868		718,392	79,870		(3,002)
Noncurrent assets		266,576	49.5	2,491,364	264,385	50.2	2,191
Investments in securities		8,140		76,074	3,202		4,938
Investments in affiliates		108,575		1,014,719	107,949		626
Net property, plant and equipment		121,248		1,133,158	114,294		6,954
Others		28,611		267,392	38,938		(10,327)
TOTAL		538,877	100.0	5,036,233	526,143	100.0	12,734

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Item	Term	As of March 31, 2005			As of March 31, 2004		Change (Yen millions)
		(Yen millions)	%	(U.S.\$ thousands)	(Yen millions)	%	
Current liabilities		76,436	14.2	714,355	72,832	13.8	3,604
Trade payables		37,458		350,074	38,704		(1,246)
Accrued expenses		11,032		103,102	12,831		(1,799)
Income taxes payables		8,166		76,317	2,282		5,884
Others		19,779		184,850	19,014		765
Noncurrent liabilities		14,959	2.8	139,803	37,432	7.2	(22,473)
Retirement and severance benefits		14,706		137,439	37,128		(22,422)
Directors' retirement allowance		253		2,364	303		(50)
Total liabilities		91,396	17.0	854,168	110,264	21.0	(18,868)
Common stock		32,641		305,056	32,641		-
Additional paid-in capital		59,256		553,794	59,256		-
Legal reserve		8,160		76,261	8,160		-
Retained earnings		353,006		3,299,121	321,674		31,332
Net unrealized gains on other securities		1,858		17,364	484		1,374
Treasury stock		(7,443)		(69,560)	(6,338)		(1,105)
Total stockholders' equity		447,480	83.0	4,182,056	415,878	79.0	31,602
TOTAL		538,877	100.0	5,036,233	526,143	100.0	12,734

Note: U.S.\$1=Yen 107

II-4) Management Changes

1. Candidate for election to the board of directors

Seiji Enami (Finance & Accounting Dept.)

2. Retiring director

Mitsuaki Konno (Management Review & Support Dept.)

II-5) Supplementary Information (Non-Consolidated)**Ratio of results on a Consolidated basis to results on a Non-Consolidated basis**

	Ratio of FY2005	Ratio of FY2004
Net sales	2.0	2.1
Operating income	6.9	32.2
Income before income taxes	2.0	5.4
Net income	1.1	9.4

Exchange rates used for conversion

Term \ Item	April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005		April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004	
	US\$=Yen	Euro=Yen	US\$=Yen	Euro=Yen
Average rate for the period	107.55	135.17	113.19	132.65
The end of the period	107.39	138.87	105.69	128.88

Non-Consolidated

Term \ Item	April 1, 2004 - March 31, 2005		April 1, 2003 - March 31, 2004		Change (%)
	Amount (Yen millions)	Ratio to sales (%)	Amount (Yen millions)	Ratio to sales (%)	
Capital expenditures	37,288	-	19,627	-	90.0
Depreciation and amortization	29,344	8.9	25,109	7.9	16.9
Research and development	26,456	8.1	24,759	7.8	6.9
Result of financial income	12,884		3,373		282.0
Number of employees (as at the end of the period)	6,024		6,113		